THE 1983 LANDSAT SOIL-GAS GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY OF PATRICK DRAW AREA, SWEETWATER COUNTY, WYOMING

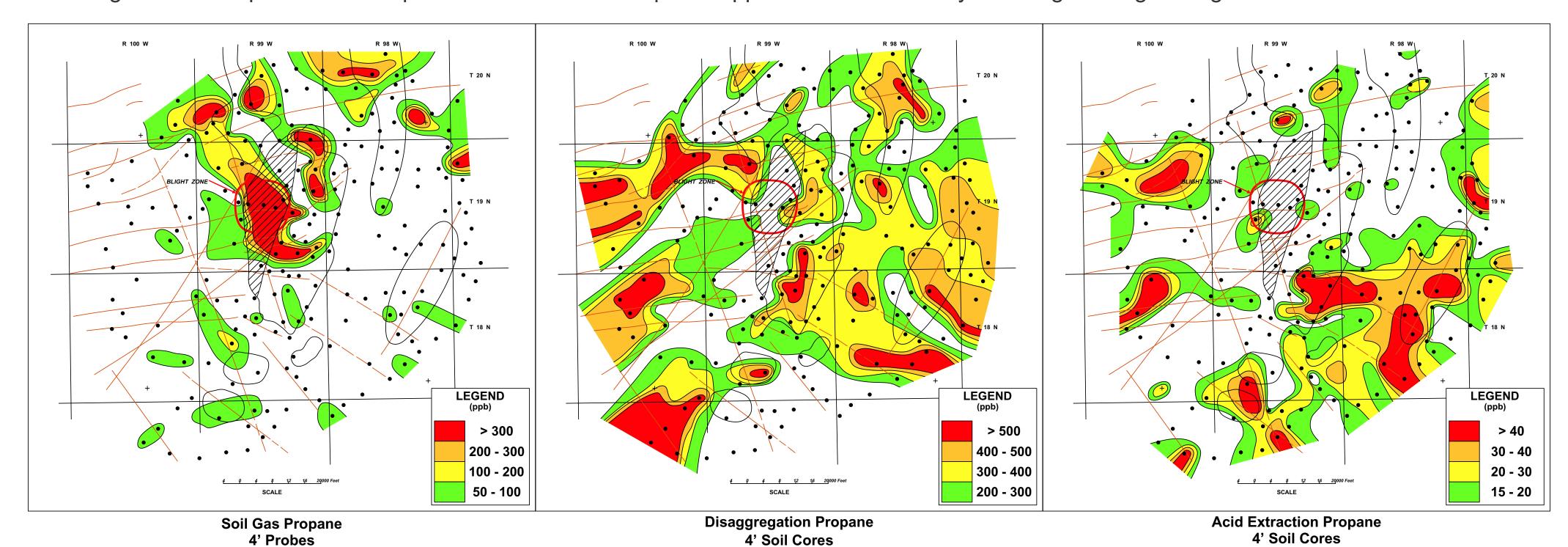
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ABSTRACT

The Geosat test site at Patrick Draw, Wyoming, was resampled during the summer field season of 1983, to conduct a more detailed soil-gas survey on and around the area's producing fields. The results of this study agree with the 1980 Geosat assessment that the faults and fractures visible as linear features on satellite and aircraft imagery provide paths for active microseepage of hydrocarbons from depth to the near surface. This association is particularly true near the earlier described "blighted sage zone," where extensive resampling reveals a much wider area of anomalously high free soil-gas values and fluorescence than was previously reported. Discriminant analysis suggests that the geochemical seepage signature found over the fields differs statistically from that present for adjacent areas of no known production.

High hydrocarbon values in shallow free soil gas correlate well with fluorescence and appear to define areas of high production potential with direct anomalies.

The free gas microseeps confirm the presence of a macroseep that appears to be adversely affecting the sage foliage.



CROSS SECTION THROUGH PATRICK DRAW FIELD from Rock Springs Uplift to Table Rock Field

WEST

EAST

A

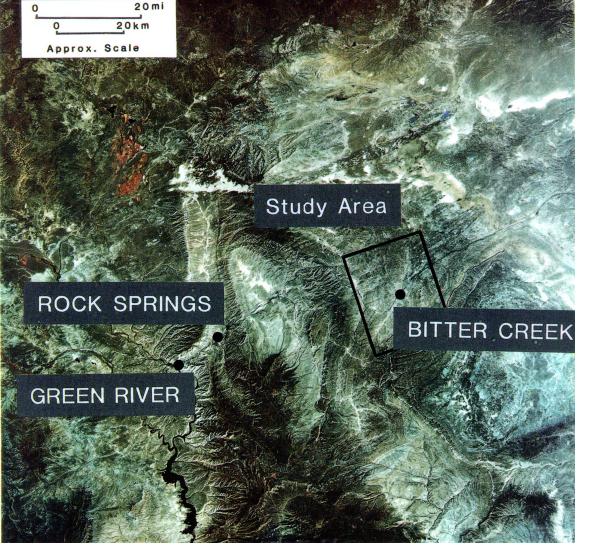
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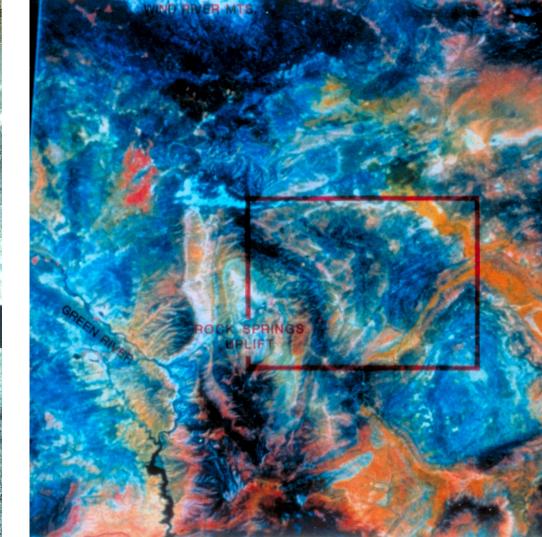
ALANCE

Cross Section of Patrick Draw area (after Weimer, 1966)

Gas	Number of Samples	Mean	Standard Deviation	Sum	Minimum	Maximum
			4-Ft Soil Ga	as Data*		
C_1	221	499.79	3,688.93	110,454.73	0.37	32,606.00
C_2	221	42.46	286.83	9,383.56	0.00	2,341.90
C ₃	221	13.23	92.34	2,924.02	0.00	703.98
iC ₄	219	5.04	34.85	1,103.74	0.00	283.64
nC ₄	220	4.45	37.52	978.30	0.00	386.56
C ₁₊	219	570.13	4,082.52	124,858.49	0.39	36,322.08
C ₂₊	219	65.80	448.48	14,409.38	0.01	3,716.08
			12-Ft Free Soil	-Gas Data**		
C_1	96	53.65	35.57	5,150.43	0.02	3,352.00
C_2	92	1.32	6.69	121.90	0.02	63.84
C_3	94	0.65	2.66	61.33	0.03	24.89
iC_4	77	0.31	1.19	24.11	0.00	7.72
nC_4	82	0.54	1.97	44.09	0.01	12.93
C_{1+}	69	64.34	415.40	4,439.33	1.78	3,460.93
C ₂₊	69	3.46	13.49	238.87	0.28	108.93
		D	isaggregate So	il-Gas Data**		
C_1	246	98.03	61.29	24,115.91	5.15	328.76
C_2	247	3.94	2.88	973.38	0.15	22.73
C ₃	247	2.42	2.23	597.75	0.04	17.26
iC_4	247	0.88	1.36	217.36	0.00	11.92
nC_4	247	2.46	2.82	607.38	0.00	19.27
C_{1+}	246	107.66	67.49	26,483.57	5.43	353.48
C_{2+}	246	9.62	8.22	2,367.66	0.28	54.23
		Ad	cid-Extraction S	oil-Gas Data†		
C_1	225	1,048.27	741.91	235,859.80	10.40	3,828.40
C_2	225	59.67	40.11	13,424.80	0.90	210.80
C ₃	225	22.48	14.85	5,058.00	0.40	69.60
iC ₄	225	5.33	4.23	1,198.20	0.10	31.10
nC ₄	225	8.50	5.78	1,913.60	0.30	28.30
C ₁₊	225	1,144.24	801.99	257,454.40	12.20	4,132.70
C_{2+}	225	95.98	64.20	21,594.60	1.80	321.20
*ppm (vol). Complete	e data set used in	statistcs			

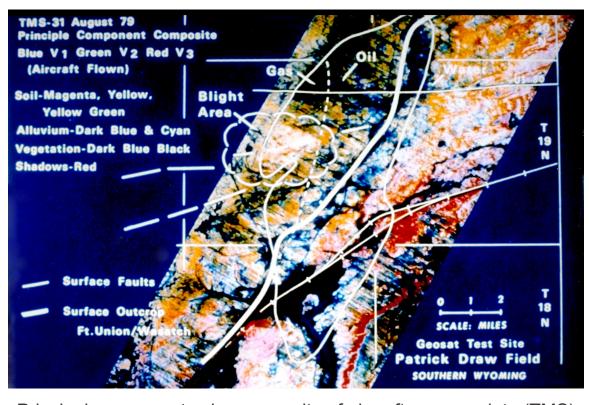


False color composite Landsat Multispectral Scanner Image, Rock Springs-Patrick Draw, southwestern Wyoming

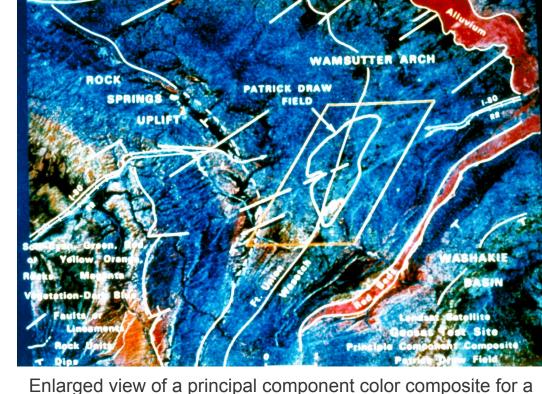


Principal component color composite of full Landsat scene of southwestern Wyoming showing the Patrick Draw test site.

(See picture below)



Principal component color composite of aircraft scanner data (TMS) of Patrick Draw



Landsat subscene showing the location of important geologic features at Patrick Draw

